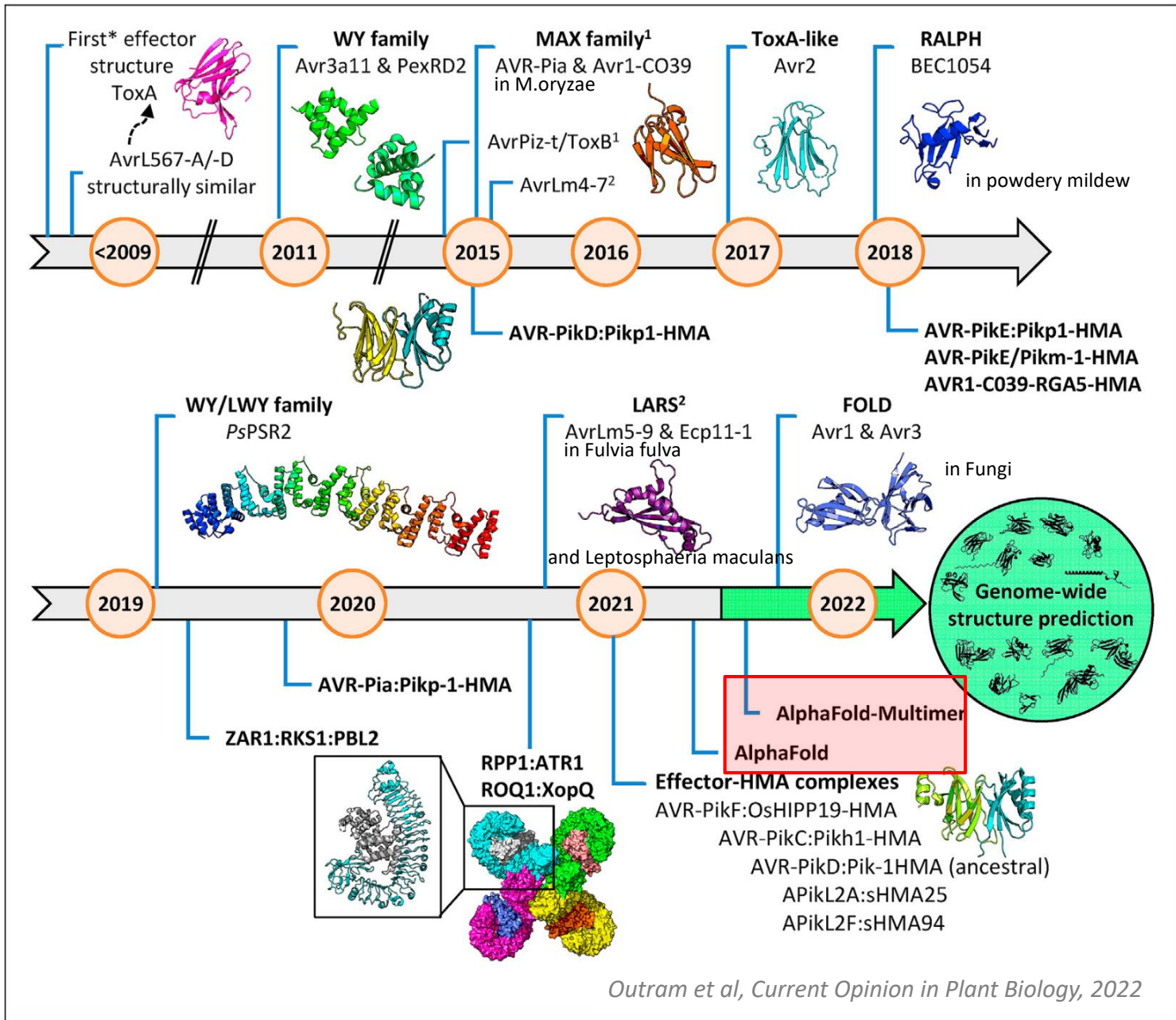


**Killer proteins 4 and 6  
from the fungal wheat pathogen  
*Zymoseptoria tritici* are toxic to fungi  
and structurally related  
to fungal effector families**

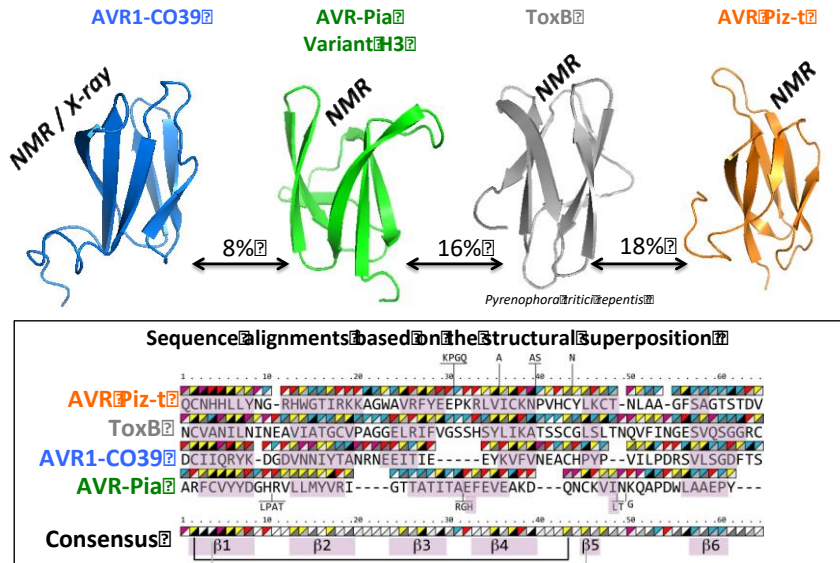
# Main advances in the study of fungal effector protein structures



**Novel effectors  
from *Zymoseptoria tritici*  
a fungal pathogen of wheat**

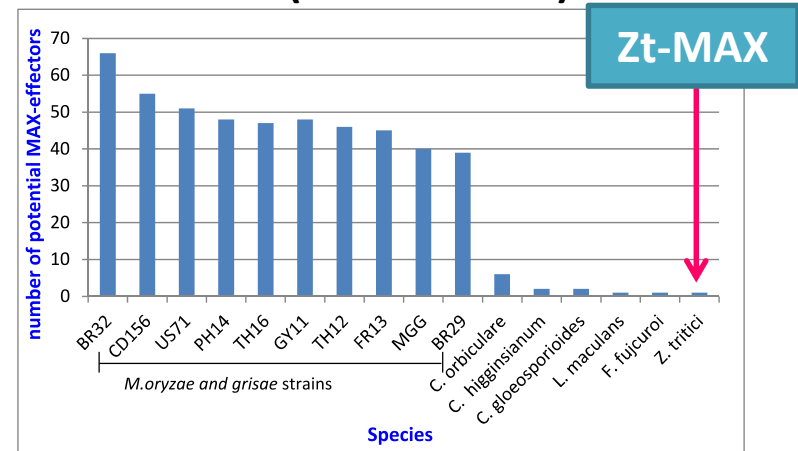
**Could structural analysis  
help classify these effectors ?**

# MAX effectors



Different primary sequences  
but similar structure  
(shared fold : MAX effectors)

## Max effector (HMM search)



One candidate MAX in  
*Zymoseptoria*  
Low sequence similarity  
Is it really a MAX effector ?



3D structure determination

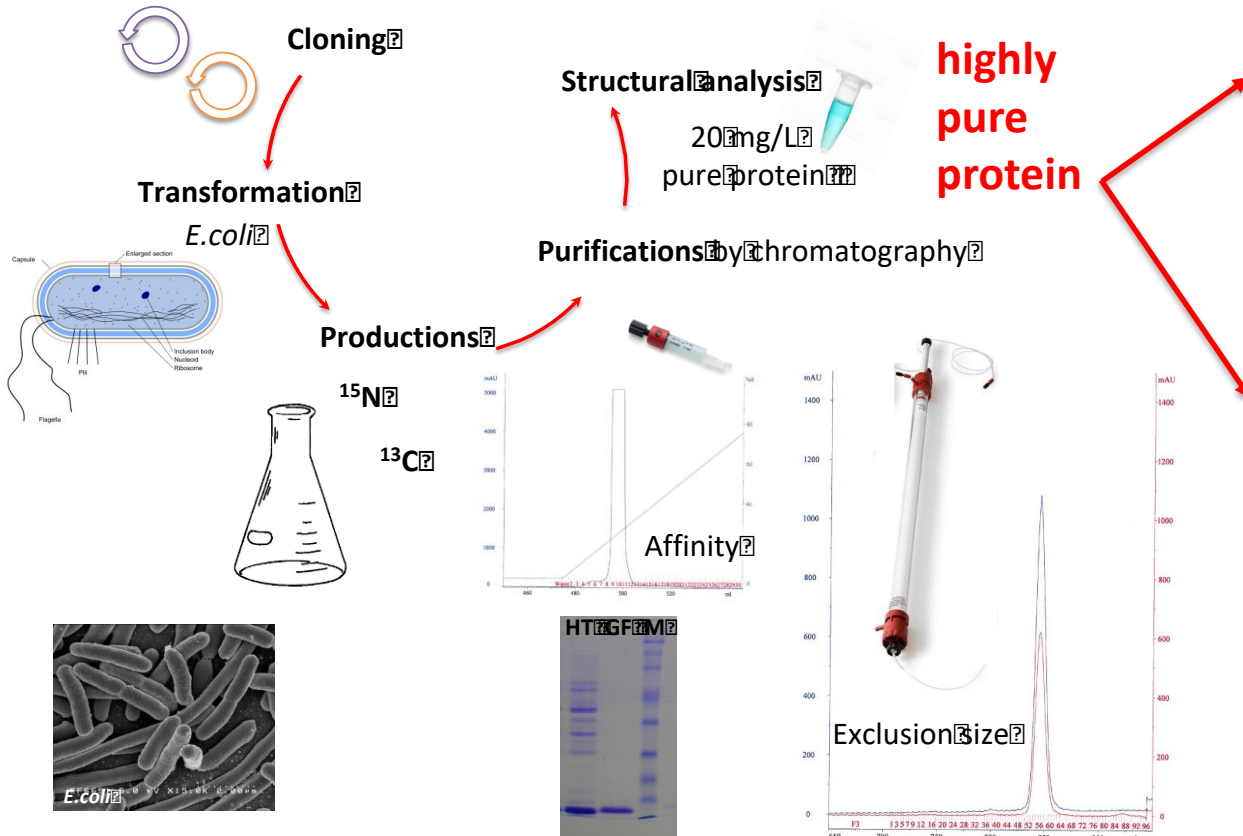
# Structural biology analysis

## X-RAY

Solid structure :  
Crystals  
Diffraction pattern  
Phase solving

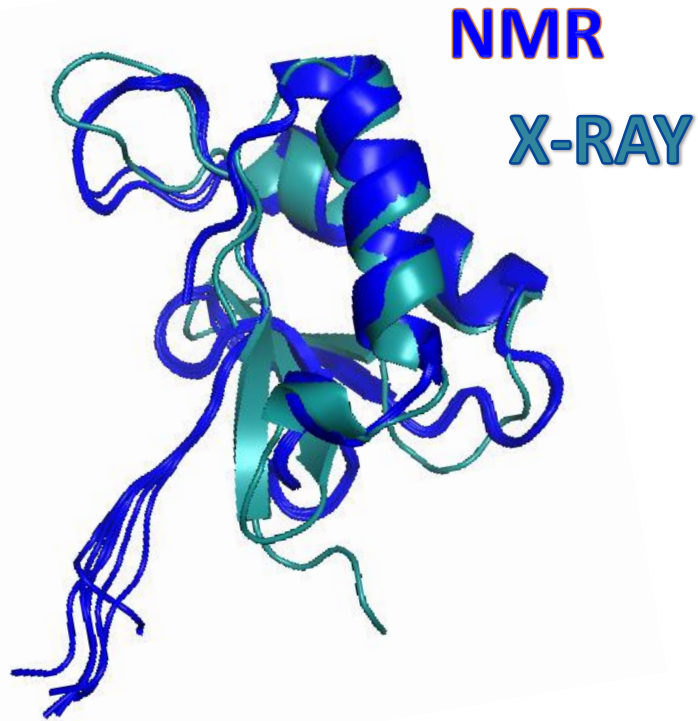
## NMR

Structure in solution :  
protein dynamics



## 3D structure of Zt-MAX

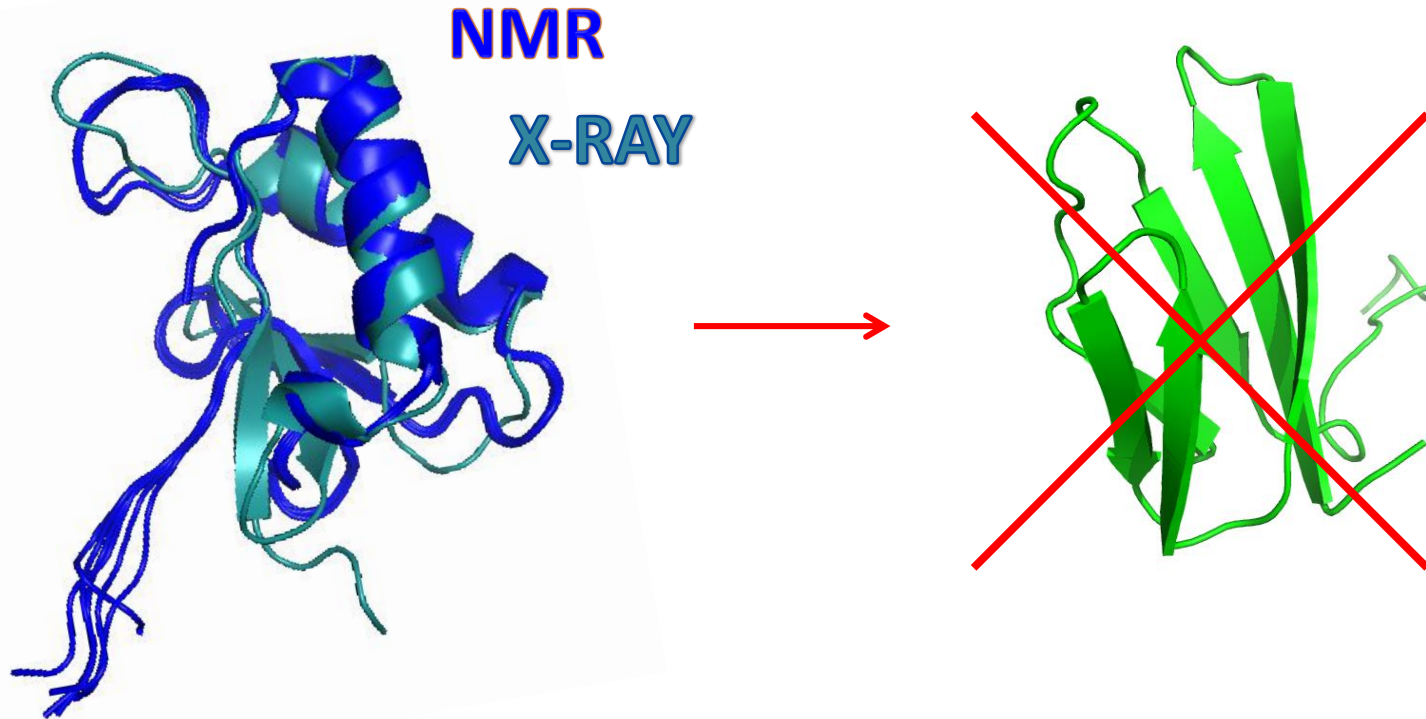
---



Both structures of Zt-MAX have an  **$\alpha/\beta$  structure** with three stranded  $\beta$ -sheet and two  $\alpha$ -helices.

## 3D structure of Zt-MAX

---



Both structures of Zt-MAX have an  $\alpha/\beta$  structure with three stranded  $\beta$ -sheet and two  $\alpha$ -helices.

MAX effectors have a  $\beta$  sandwich structure of six antiparallel  $\beta$  strands.

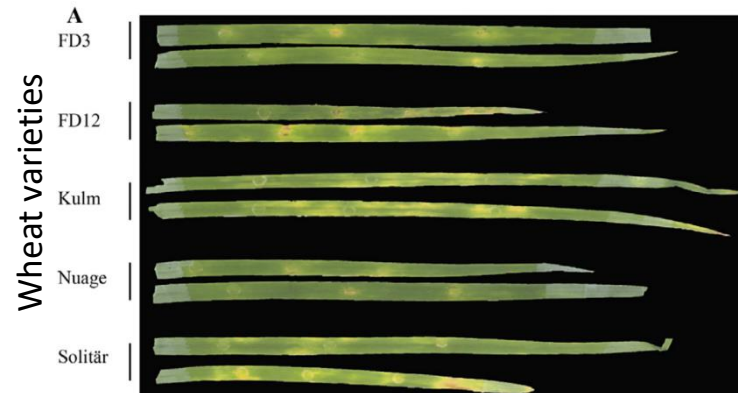
**Zt-MAX is not a MAX effector.**

# *Zymoseptoria tritici* effector protein NIP1

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## Zt-NIP1

Zt-NIP1 a small secreted protein inducing wheat leaf necrosis expressed during infection: **Candidate effector toxic to wheat**

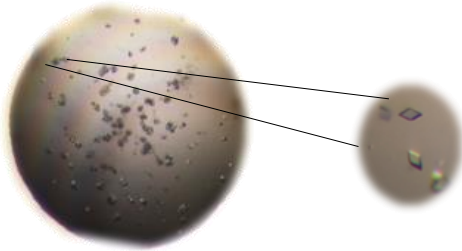


Necrosis-inducing activity of the ZtNIP1

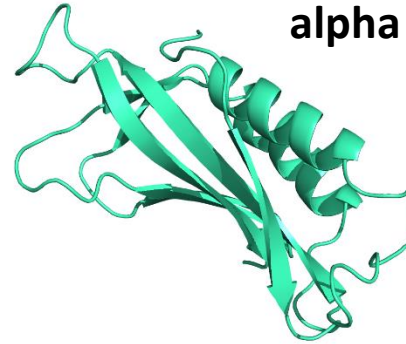


# Zt-NIP1 3D structure

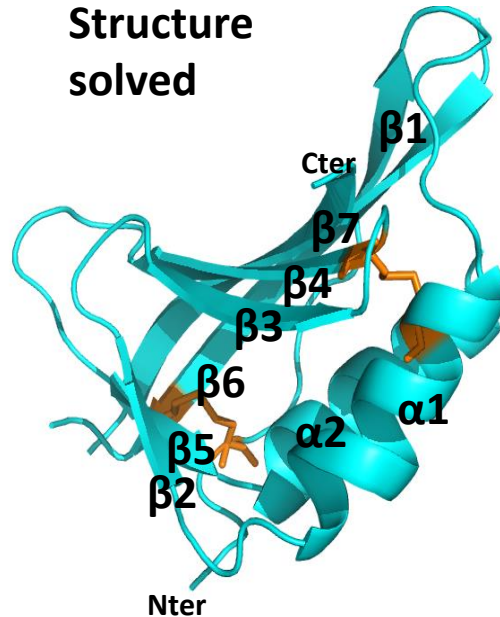
X-RAY analysis



Molecular replacement using  
alpha fold model



Structure  
solved

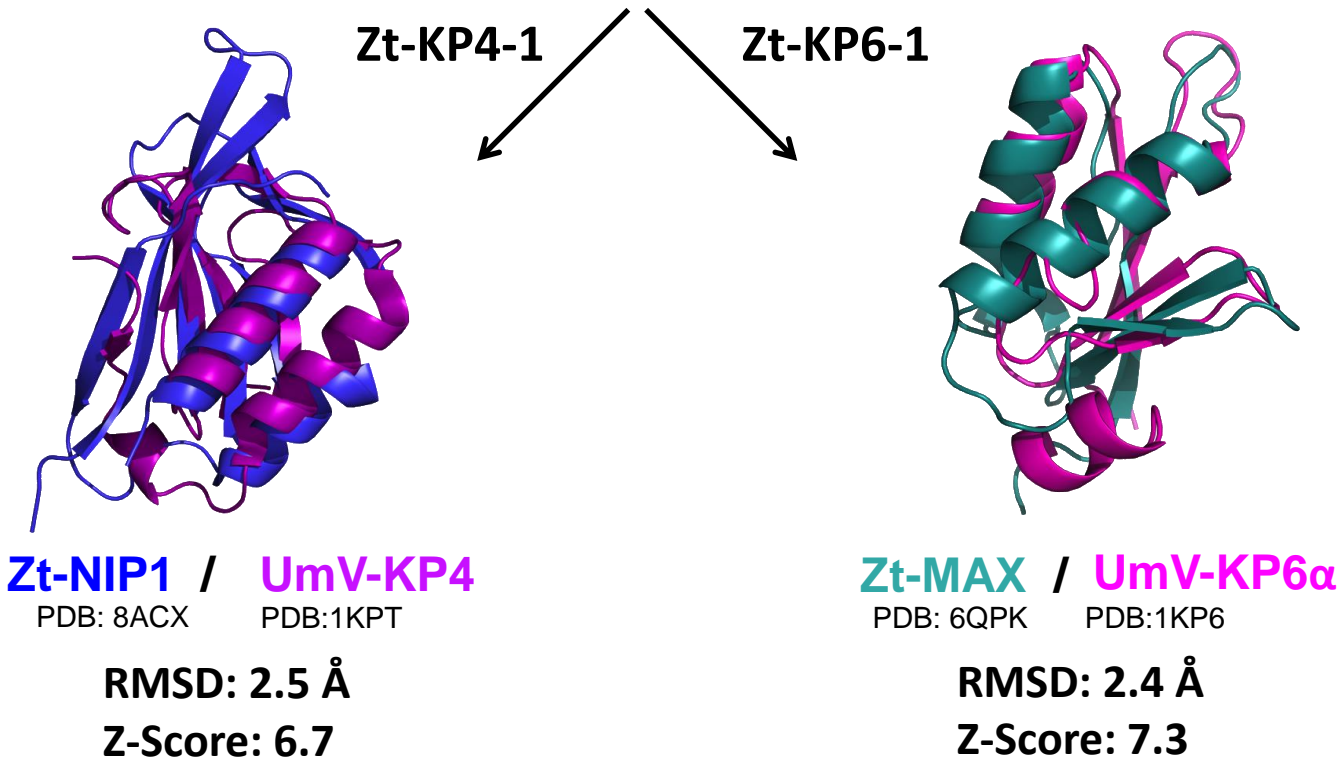


NIP has an  $\alpha/\beta$  structure  
seven  $\beta$  strands,  
two  $\alpha$  helices  
and two disulphide bonds:

# Structural homologs of Zt-NIP1 and Zt-MAX

Search using

**DALI**  
PROTEIN STRUCTURE COMPARISON SERVER



**UmV-KP4 and UmV-KP6 $\alpha$  are fungitoxic proteins  
of *Ustilago maydis* RNA virus (UmV)**

**Zt-NIP1 → Zt-KP4-1**  
**Zt-MAX → Zt-KP6-1**

# What are UmV-KP4 and UmV-KP6?

**KP4 and KP6 killer toxins are encoded by different strains of dsRNA virus (UmV) infecting *Ustilago maydis*, a fungal pathogen of maize**



Maize Smut Fungus  
(*Ustilago maydis*)

**These virus encoded proteins are toxic to fungi**

- Only non-infected *U. maydis* strains are sensitive to toxins
- Infected *U. maydis* are immune to the toxin they produce :

**Killer phenotype: infected strains kill non-infected strains**

## KP4 fungal toxin inhibits growth in *Ustilago maydis* by blocking calcium uptake

Matthew J. Gage,<sup>1</sup> Jeremy Bruenn,<sup>2</sup> Marc Fischer,<sup>3</sup> Dale Sanders<sup>3</sup> and Thomas J. Smith<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Donald Danforth Plant Science Center, 7425 Forsyth Boulevard, Box 1098, St Louis, MO 63105, USA.

<sup>2</sup>Department of Biological Sciences, SUNY/Bufalo, Buffalo, NY 14260, and Hauptman-Woodward Medical Research Institute, Inc., 73 High St., Buffalo, NY 14203-1196, USA.

<sup>3</sup>Biology Department, University of York, PO Box 373, York YO1 5YW, UK.

segments present in some multisegmented dsRNA viral genomes. The inhibitory factors (killer toxins) were shown to be secreted proteins encoded by the single dsRNA segments (Hankin and Puhalla, 1971). A small proportion of *U. maydis* cells can produce killer toxins, to which they are resistant; sensitive cells are the majority in wild populations. Killer toxins have been identified in eight genera of yeast (Young, 1987), but the killer toxins of *Ustilago* are the only ones known in a filamentous fungus. The *U. maydis* killer toxins are effective against species in



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journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate](http://www.elsevier.com/locate)

## Review

### The virally encoded killer proteins from *Ustilago maydis*

Aron ALLEN<sup>a</sup>, Emir ISLAMOVIC<sup>b,1</sup>, Jagdeep KAUR<sup>a</sup>, Scott GOLD<sup>b</sup>, Dilip SHAH<sup>a</sup>, Thomas J. SMITH<sup>a,\*</sup>

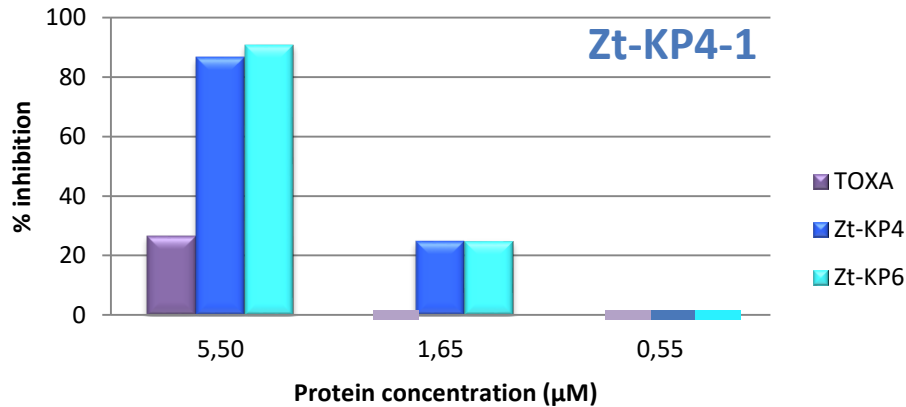
<sup>a</sup>Donald Danforth Plant Science Center, 975 North Warson Road, Saint Louis, MO 63132, USA

<sup>b</sup>Department of Plant Pathology, University of Georgia, Athens, GA 30602, USA

**Are Zt-KP4-1 and Zt-KP6-1  
toxic to fungi ?**

# Fungitoxicity assays

## *Botrytis cinerea* growth

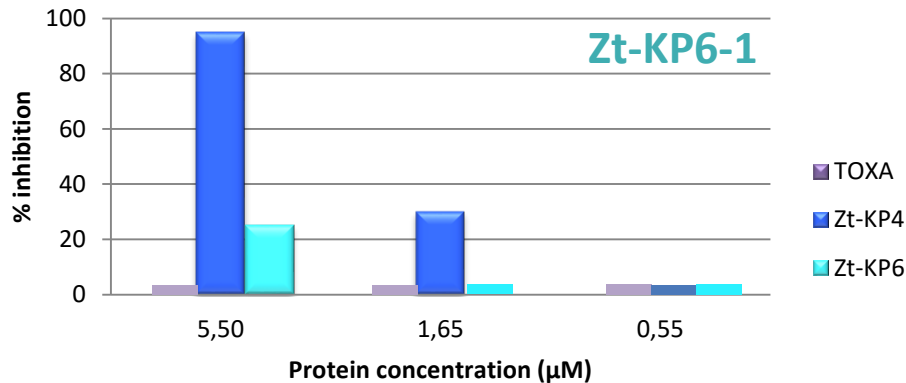


**Zt-KP4-1** is **fungitoxic** to both *B. cinerea* and *Z. tritici*

**Zt-KP6-1** is **fungitoxic** to *B. cinerea*  
*Z. tritici* is less susceptible

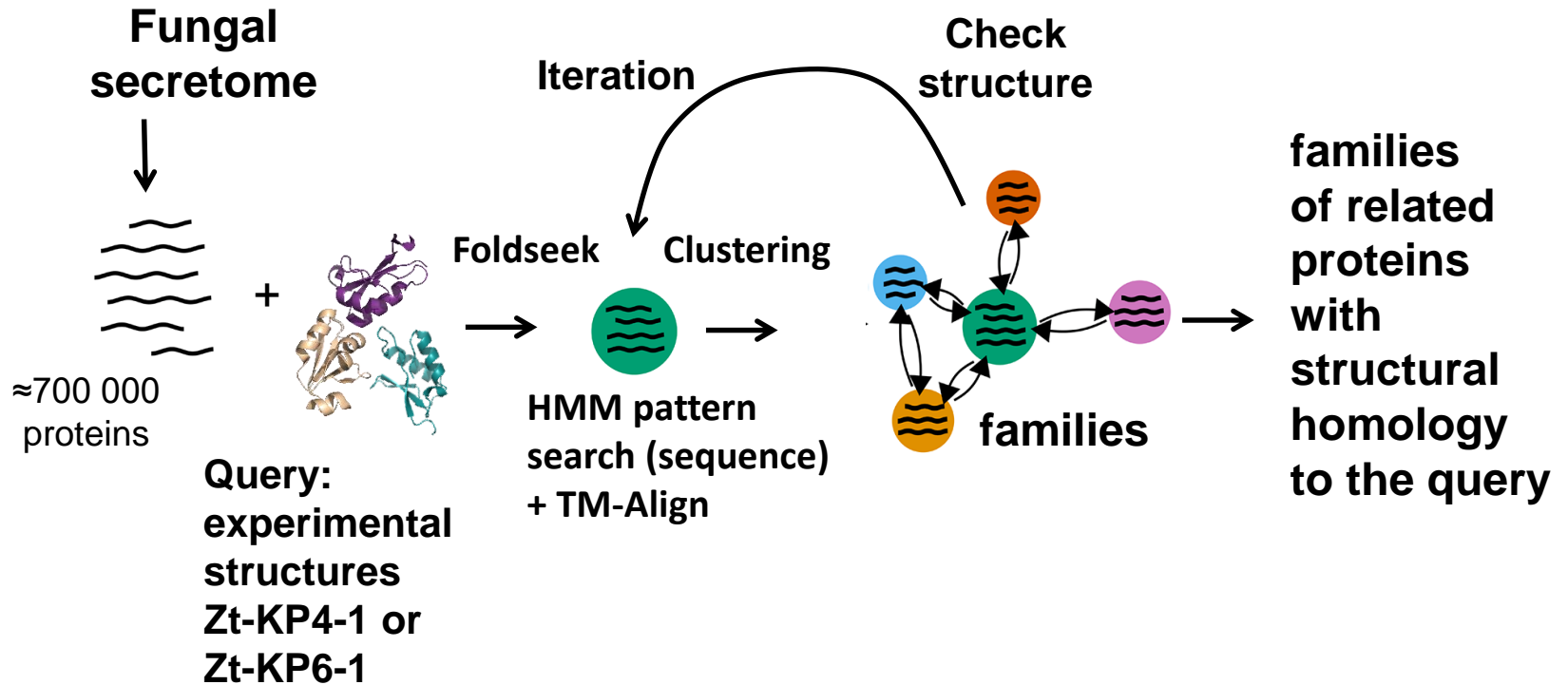
(4-fold lower sensitivity than *B. cinerea*)

## *Zymoseptoria tritici* growth

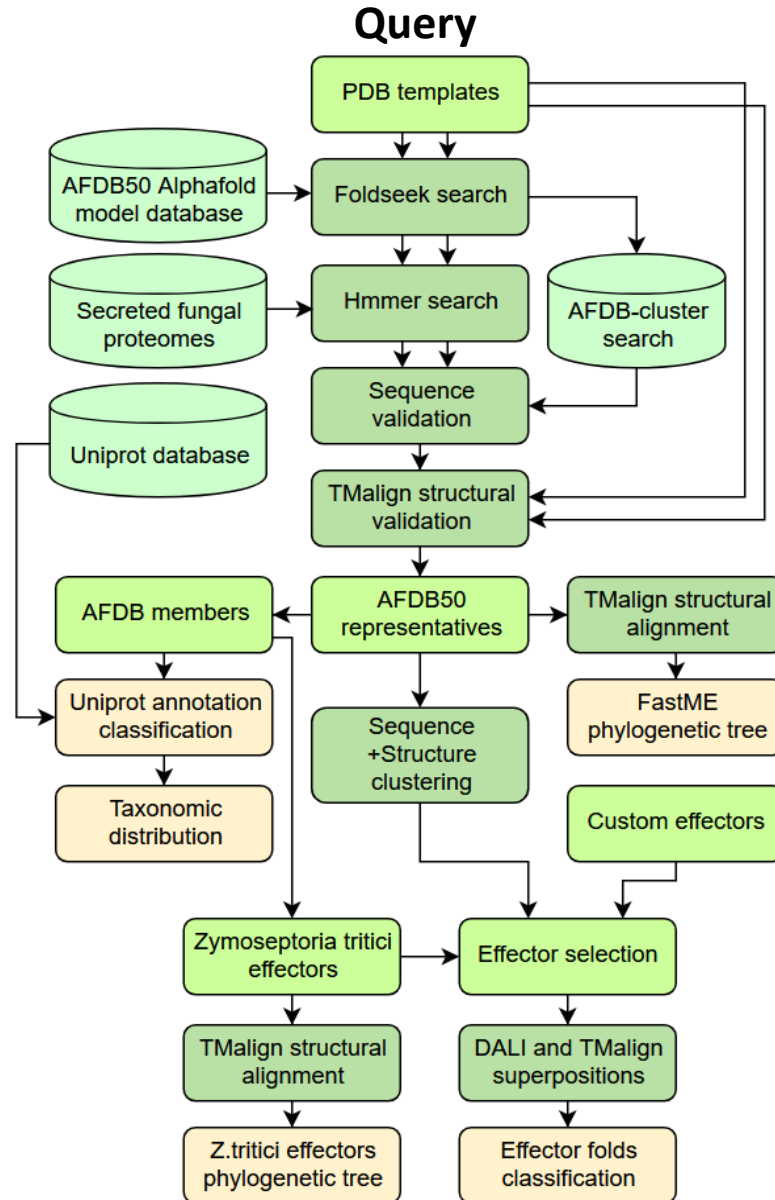


**No toxicity** of **Zt-KP4** and **Zt-KP6-1** to wheat leaves

# Search for Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6 like proteins in fungi

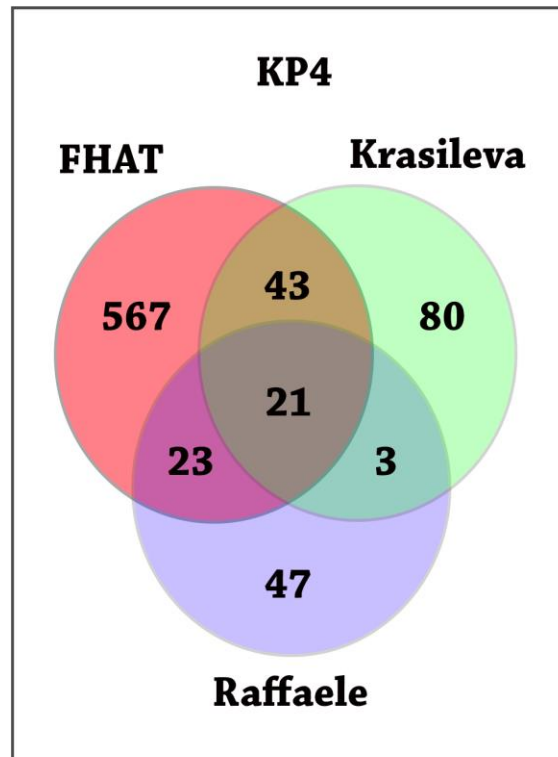


# Search for Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6 like proteins in fungi

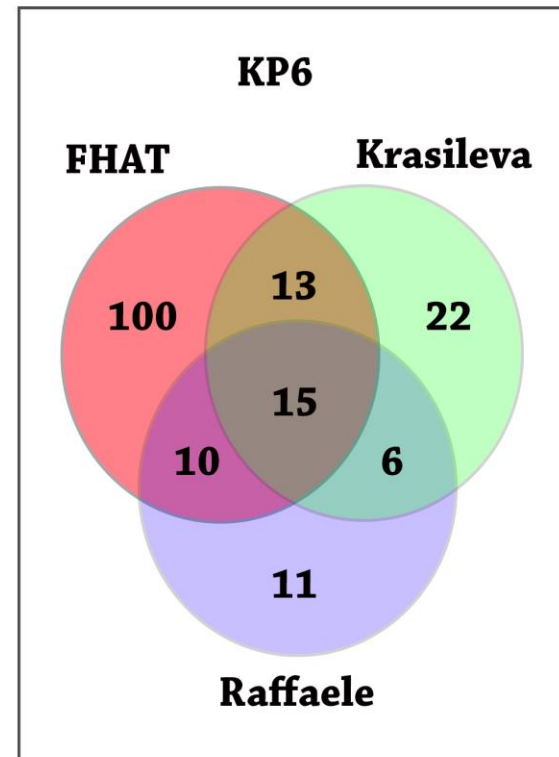


# Search for Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6 like proteins in fungi

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**Our search for KP4**  
**654 proteins**  
**(60 families): FHAT**



**Our search for KP6**  
**138 proteins**  
**(30 families): FHAT**

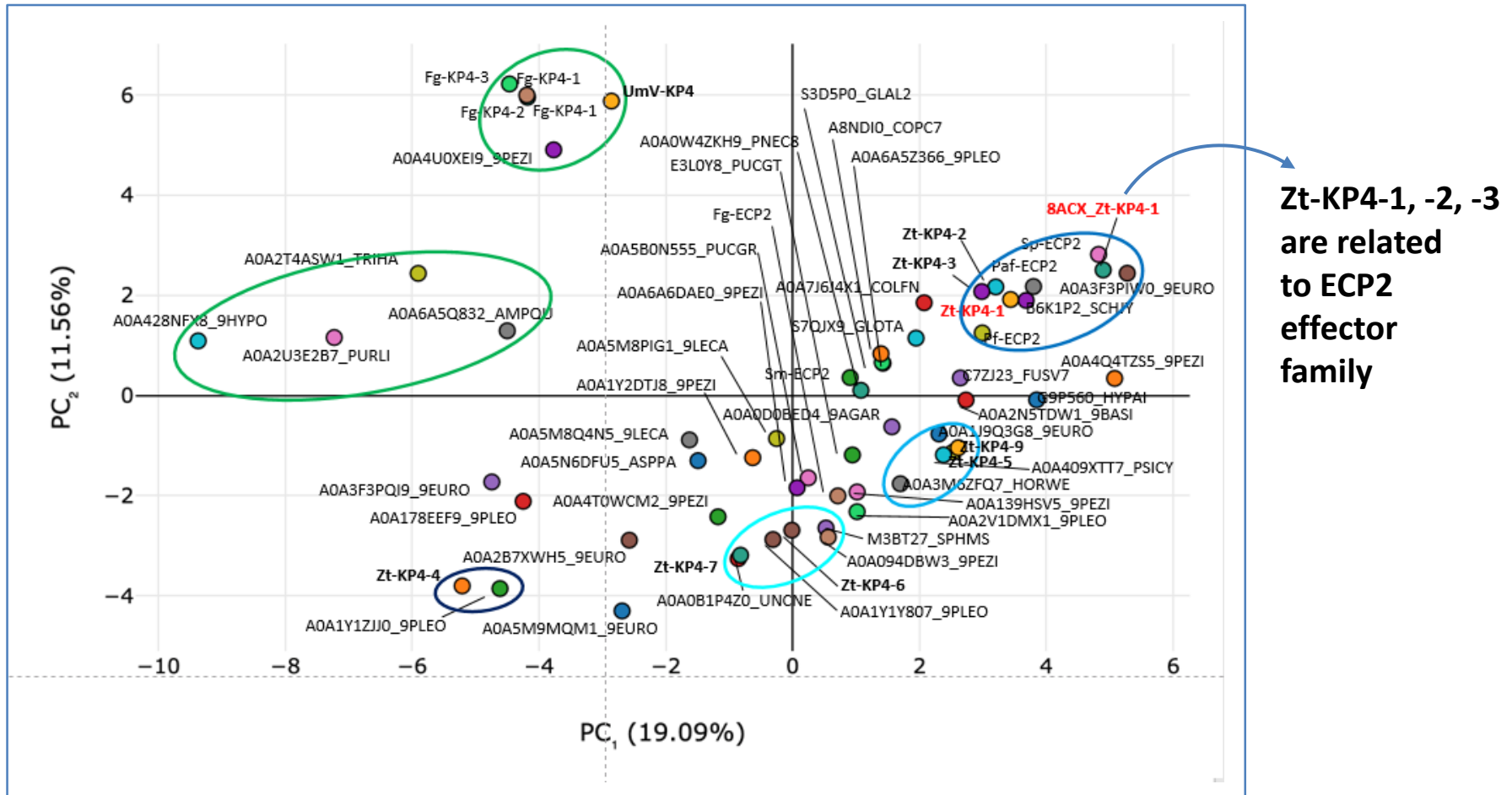
Seong K, Krasileva KV. Nat Microbiol. 2023, 8(1):174-187.

Derbyshire MC, Raffaele S. Nat Commun. 2023, 14(1):5244.



# Classification of fungal Zt-KP4 like proteins

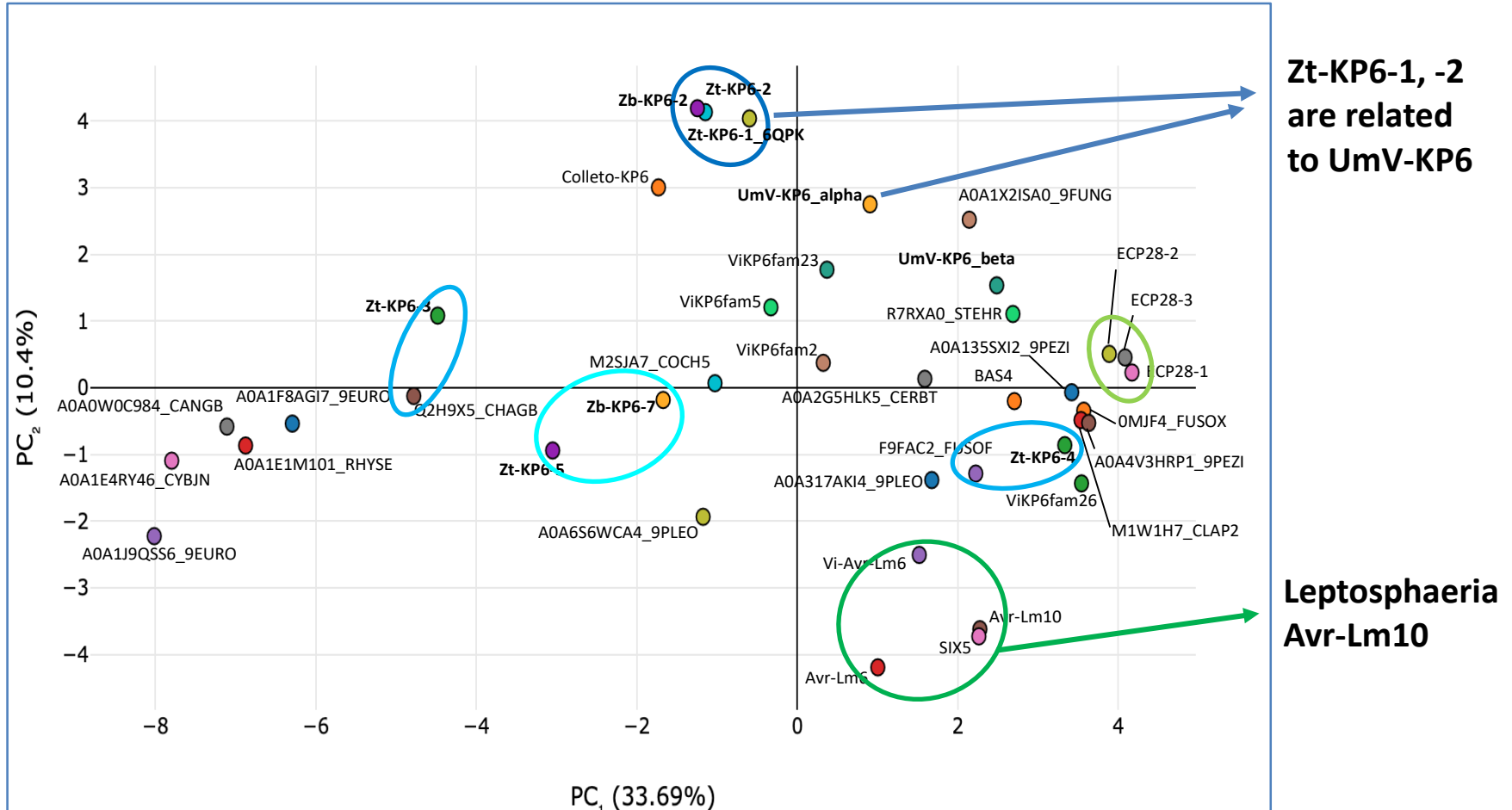
PCA analysis using the structural distances between KP4 like proteins (Z-score DALI)



**9 Zt-KP4 like proteins in *Zygomycota***  
**Zt-KP4-1, -2, -3 are recent paralogs**

# Classification of fungal Zt-KP6 like proteins

PCA analysis using the structural distances between KP6 like proteins (Z-score DALI)

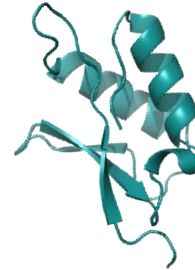
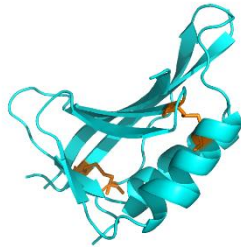


**7 Zt-KP6 like proteins in Zygomycota**  
**Zt-KP6-1, -2 are recent paralogs**

## Conclusions

---

The structures of two effectors of *Zymoseptoria tritici*  
**Zt-KP4-1** and **Zt-KP6-1**  
were characterized



**Structural similarities to UmV Killer toxins  
suggested that these effectors were fungitoxic**

**This hypothesis was tested by *in vitro growth* assays :  
Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6-1 have antifungal activities**

**Bioinformatics analysis, including Foldseek and HMM searches  
showed that Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6 like proteins  
are widespread in fungi**

## Pespectives

---

**Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6-1 have antifungal activities**

**Zt-KP4-1 and Zt-KP6-1 related proteins are widespread in fungi**

**What are the antifungal activities of fungal effectors  
structurally related to Zt-KP4-1 and Zt-KP6-1 ?**

Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6-1 have antifungal activities  
 Zt-KP4-1 and Zt-KP6-1 related proteins are widespread in fungi

What are the antifungal activities of fungal effectors  
 structurally related to Zt-KP4-1 and Zt-KP6-1 ?

Are there other fungal effectors with antimicrobial activities ?

**YES: an increasing number**

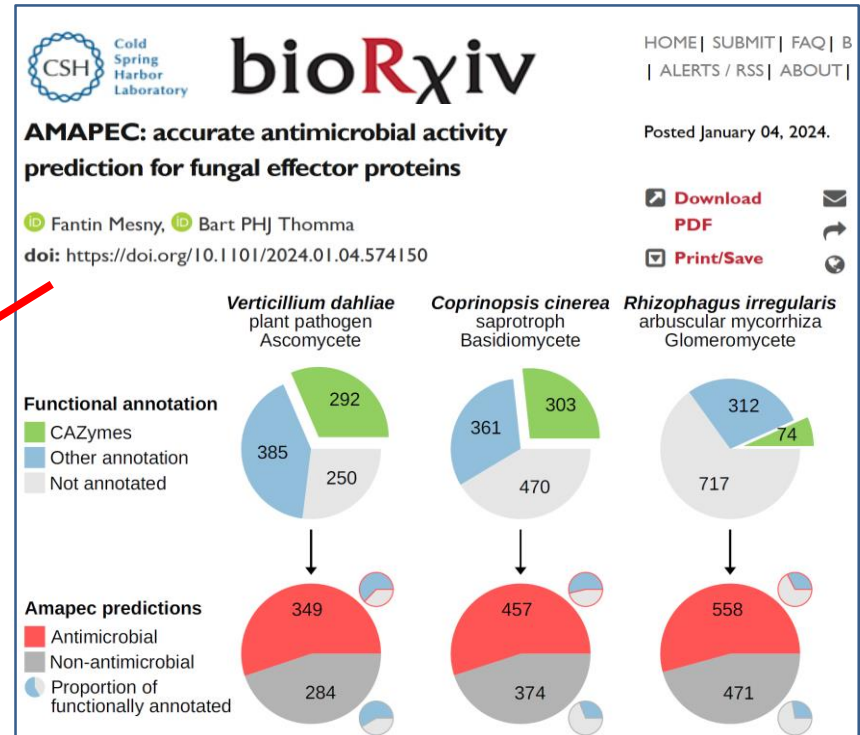


FEMS Microbiology Reviews, 2022, 1–16  
 DOI: 10.1093/femsre/fuac022  
 Advance access publication date: 23 May 2022  
 Review article

Microbiota manipulation through the secretion of effector proteins is fundamental to the wealth of lifestyles in the fungal kingdom

Nick C. Snelders<sup>1,2</sup>, Hanna Rovenich<sup>1</sup>, Bart P. H. J. Thomma<sup>1,3,†</sup>

Ref	Name	Reported activity	Organism	Organism
a015	CSaβ defensin Aclasin	Antibacterial	Fungus	Aspergillus clavatus
a016	CSaβ defensin AfusinC	Antibacterial	Fungus	Aspergillus fumigatus
a107	LYS2	Antibacterial	Fungus	Coprinopsis cinerea
a108	Copsin	Antibacterial	Fungus	Coprinopsis cinerea
a109	CPP2	Antibacterial	Fungus	Coprinopsis cinerea
a006	Efe-AfpA	Antifungal	Fungus	Epichloë festucae
a085	PAF	Antifungal	Fungus	Fusarium polyphialidicum
a086	NFAP2	Antifungal	Fungus	Neosartorya fischeri
a079	PAFC	Antifungal	Fungus	Penicillium chrysogenum
a087	paFB	Antifungal	Fungus	Penicillium chrysogenum
a043	PdAfpB	Antifungal	Fungus	Penicillium digitatum
a040	AfpA	Antifungal	Fungus	Penicillium expansum
a101	FUN_004580	Antibacterial	Fungus	Rosellinia necatrix
a102	FUN_011519	Antibacterial	Fungus	Rosellinia necatrix
r001	UhRibo1	Antibacterial	Fungus	Ustilago hordei
a050	VdAve1	Antibacterial	Fungus	Verticillium dahliae
a051	VdAve1L2	Antibacterial	Fungus	Verticillium dahliae
a052	VdAMP2	Antibacterial	Fungus	Verticillium dahliae
a053	VdAMP3	Antifungal	Fungus	Verticillium dahliae
r010	Zt6 ribonuclease	Antibacterial, Antifungal	Fungus	Zymoseptoria tritici





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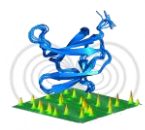
Léa Mammri

Philippe Barthe

Christian Roumestand

Jérôme Gracy

François Hoh



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Thomas Kroj

Stella Césari



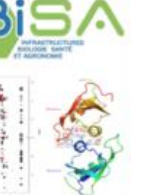
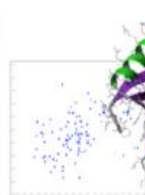
## INRAE BIOGER Saclay

Marc-Henri Lebrun

Yohann Petit

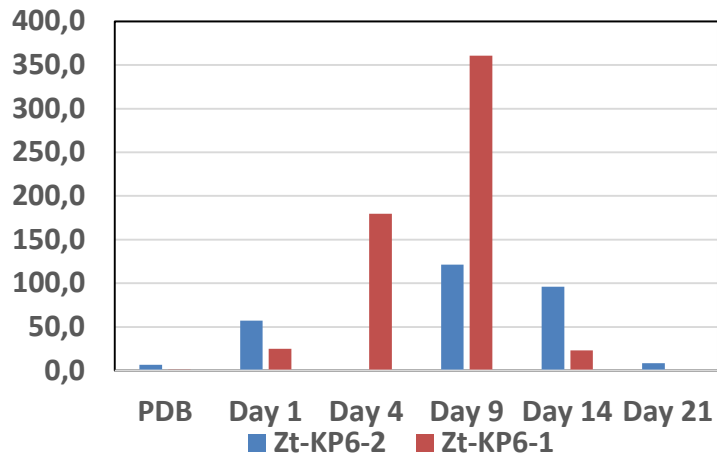
Nicolas Lapalu

Justine Rouffet



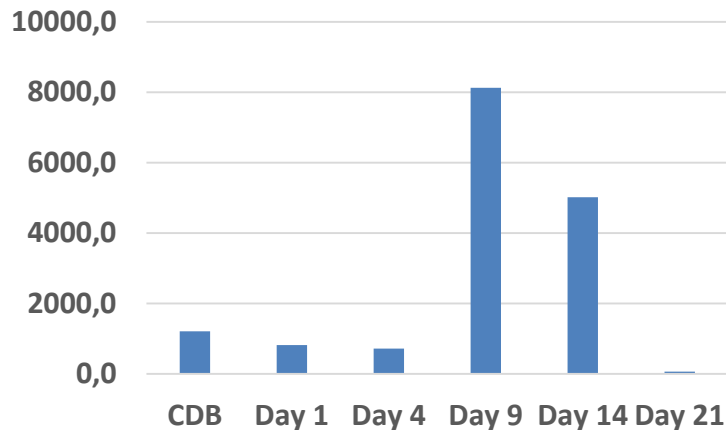
**What are the possible roles of  
Zt-KP4 and Zt-KP6-1  
in *Z. tritici* life cycle ?**

## Expression of Zt-KP6-1/2 during infection



**Zt-KP6-1 and 2** are mainly expressed during the switch to necrotrophy during fungal colonisation of leaves

## Expression of Zt-KP4-1 during infection



**Zt-KP4** is mainly expressed during the switch to necrotrophy during fungal colonisation of leaves

**Same pattern as Zt-KP6-1 (20-fold higher)**

**Elimination of other fungi inside the leaves or on the leaf surface ?**